

# Massive Suffix Array Construction with Thrill

Michael Axtmann, Timo Bingmann, Peter Sanders, Sebastian Schlag, and 6 Students | @ SPP 1736

INSTITUTE OF THEORETICAL INFORMATICS – ALGORITHMICS

Example  $T = [\text{dbadcbccbabdccc}\$]$

$SA_i$	$T_{SA_i \dots n}$
14	\$
9	a b d c c \$
2	a d c b c c b a b d c c \$
8	b a b d c c \$
1	b a d c b c c b a b d c c \$
5	b c c b a b d c c \$
10	b d c c \$
13	c \$
7	c b a b d c c \$
4	c b c c b a b d c c \$
12	c c \$
6	c c b a b d c c \$
0	d b a d c b c c b a b d c c \$
3	d c b c c b a b d c c \$
11	d c c \$



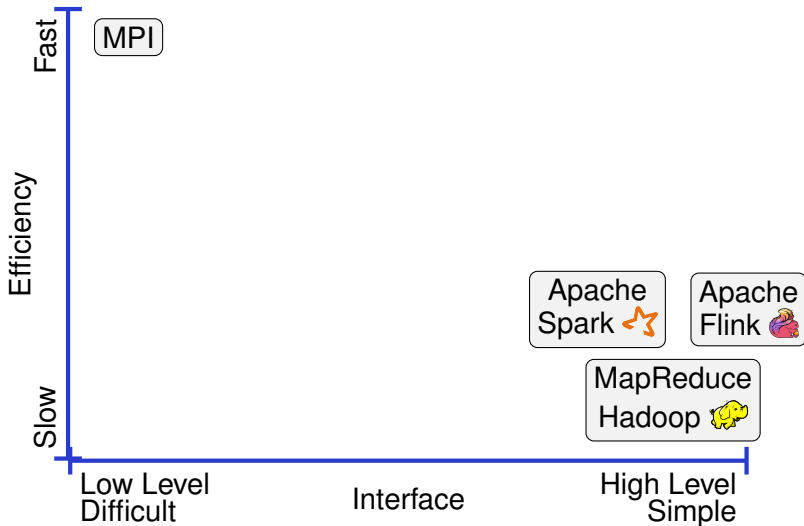
bwUniCluster  
512 x 16 cores, 64 GB RAM  
© KIT (SCC)

# Suffix Sorting with DC3: Example

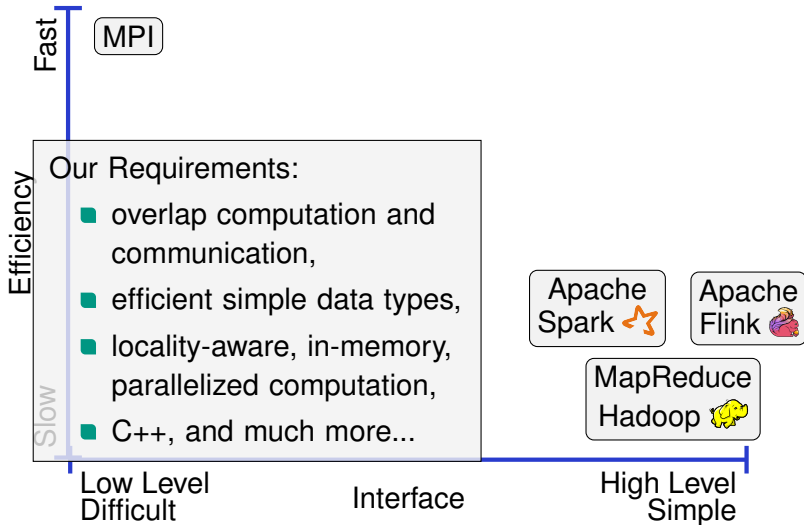
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
	$T = [ d \ \underline{b \ a \ c} \ \underline{b \ a \ c} \ \underline{b \ d \ \$} \ \$ ] = [ t_i ]_{i=0, \dots, n-1}$												
triples	(bac,1)		(bac,4)		(bd\$,7)		(acb,2)		(acb,5)		(d\$\$,8)		
sorted	(acb,2)		(acb,5)		(bac,1)		(bac,4)		(bd\$,7)		(d\$\$,8)		
equal 0/1	0			0			1		0		1	1	
prefix sum	0			0			1		1		2	3	
	$R = \boxed{1 \ 1 \ 2} \ \boxed{0 \ 0 \ 3} \ \$$												
													$r_1 \ r_4 \ r_7 \ r_2 \ r_5 \ r_8$
	$SA_R = 3 \ 4 \ 0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 5 \ \$$						$ISA_R = \boxed{2 \ 3 \ 4} \ \boxed{0 \ 1 \ 5} \ \$$						
	$S_0 = [(d, b, \color{red}{2}, \color{green}{0}, \color{blue}{0}), (c, b, \color{red}{3}, \color{green}{1}, \color{blue}{3}), (c, b, \color{red}{4}, \color{green}{5}, \color{blue}{6})]$											$(t_i, t_{i+1}, r_{i+1}, r_{i+2}, i)$	
	$S_1 = [(\color{red}{2}, b, \color{green}{0}, \color{blue}{1}), (\color{red}{3}, b, \color{green}{1}, \color{blue}{4}), (\color{red}{4}, b, \color{green}{5}, \color{blue}{7})]$											$(r_{i+1}, t_{i+1}, r_{i+2}, i+1)$	
	$S_2 = [(\color{green}{0}, a, c, \color{red}{3}, \color{blue}{2}), (\color{green}{1}, a, c, \color{red}{4}, \color{blue}{5}), (\color{green}{5}, d, \$, \color{red}{-1}, \color{blue}{8})]$											$(r_{i+2}, t_{i+2}, t'_{i+3}, r'_{i+4}, i+2)$	
	$SA_T = \text{Merge}(\text{Sort}(S_0), \text{Sort}(S_1), \text{Sort}(S_2))$												

$\Theta(\text{sort}(n))$

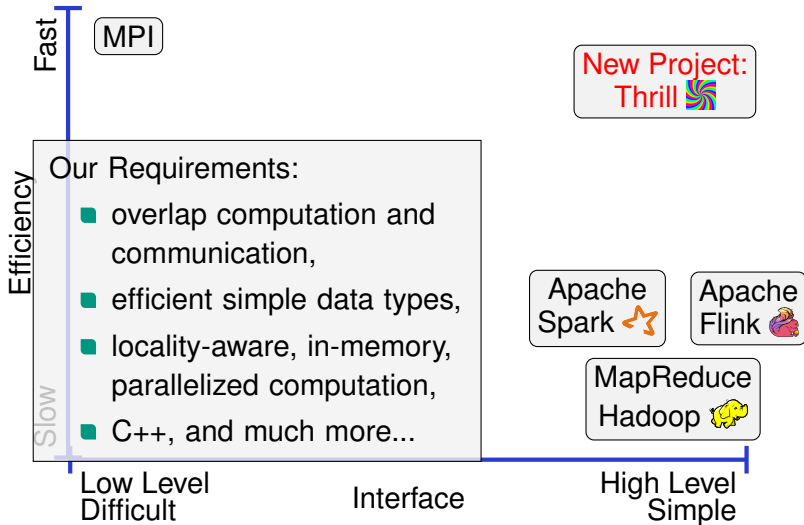
# Big Data Batch Processing



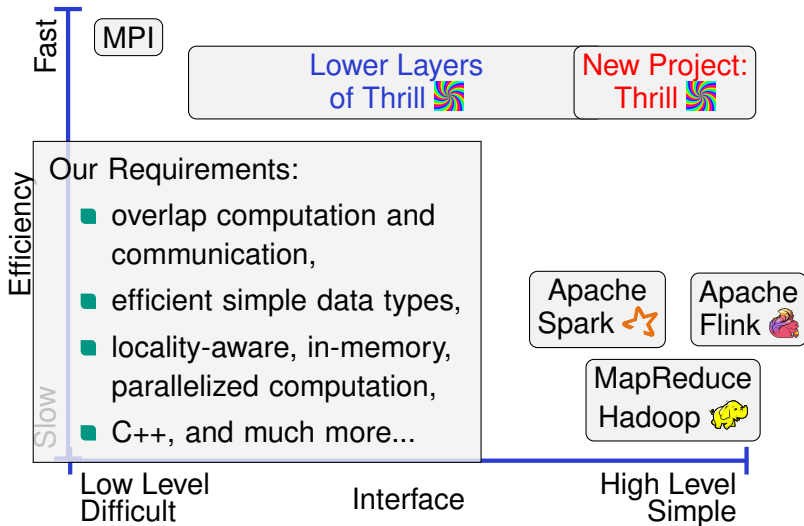
# Big Data Batch Processing



# Big Data Batch Processing



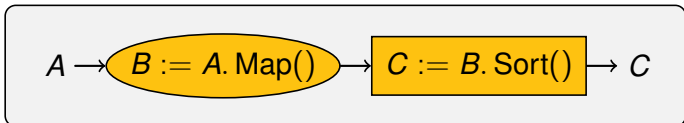
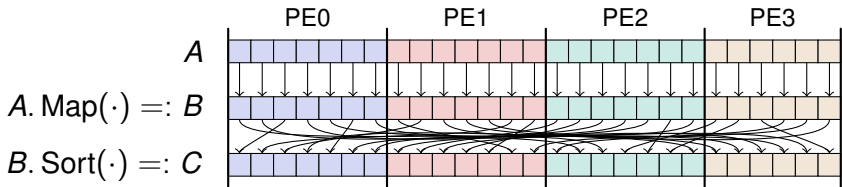
# Big Data Batch Processing





# Distributed Immutable Array (DIA)

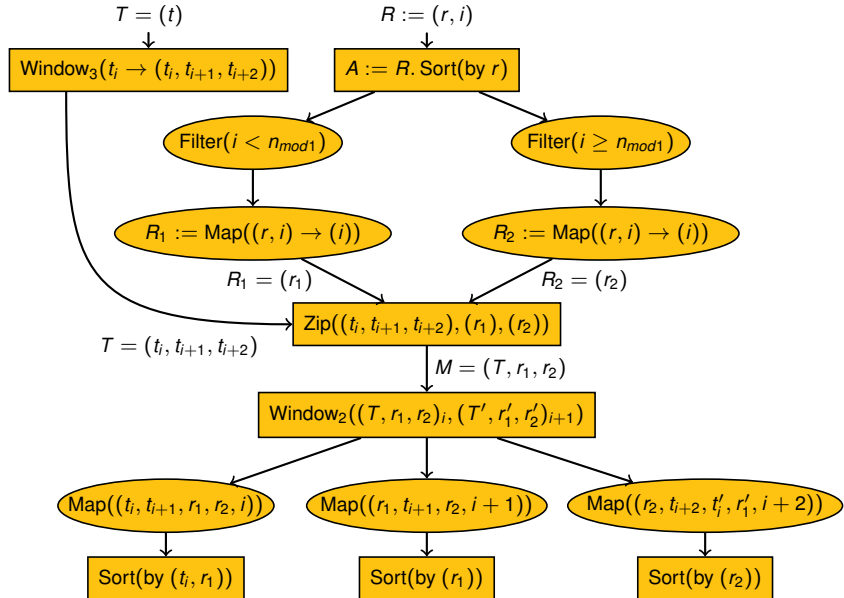
- User Programmer's View:
  - $\text{DIA}\langle T \rangle = \text{result}$  of an operation (local or distributed).
  - Model: **distributed array** of items  $T$  on the cluster



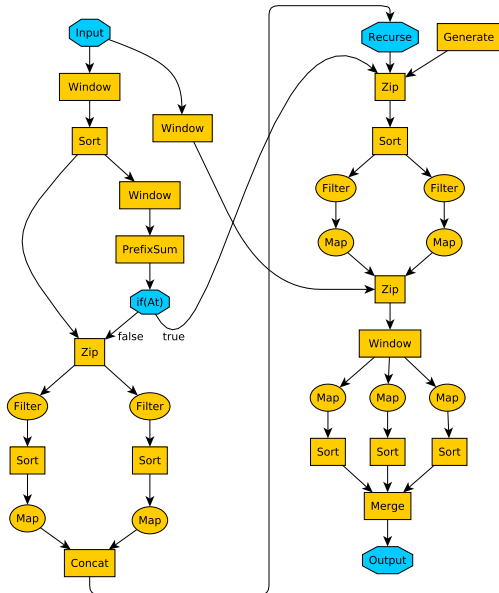
# List of Primitives

- Local Operations (LOp): input is **one item**, output  $\geq 0$  items.  
**Map()**, **Filter()**, **FlatMap()**.
- Distributed Operations (DOp): input is a **DIA**, output is a **DIA**.
  - Sort()** Sort a DIA using comparisons.
  - ShuffleReduce()** Shuffle with Key Extractor, Hasher, and associative Reducer.
  - PrefixSum()** Compute (generalized) prefix sum on DIA.
  - Window<sub>k</sub>()** Scan all  $k$  consecutive DIA items.
  - Concat()** Concatenate two or more DIAs of equal type.
  - Zip()** Combine equal sized DIAs item-wise.
  - Merge()** Merge equal typed DIAs using comparisons.
- **Actions**: input is a **DIA**, output:  $\geq 0$  items **on master**.  
**At()**, **Min()**, **Max()**, **Sum()**, **Sample()**, pretty much still open.

# Exert of DC3's Data-Flow Graph



# A Suffix Sorting Algorithm: DC3



# Current and Future Work

- Open-Source at <http://project-thrill.org> and Github.
- Status: prototypes of many DOps work reasonably well.
- Near future: extension to **distributed LCP array** construction.
- Distributed rank()/select() and wavelet tree construction.
- Distributed query processing.
- Communication efficient distributed operations for Thrill.

Thank you for your attention!

Questions?